

THE STATE JOURNAL.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF TOPEKA

By FRANK P. MACLENNAN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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THE FIRST PAPER IN KANSAS TO SECURE the leased wire service of the Associated Press, controls exclusively for Topeka the full day service of this great organization for the collection of news. A telegraph operator in the STATE JOURNAL office is employed for the sole purpose of taking this report, which comes continuously from 7:30 a. m. till 4:05 p. m. (with bulletins of important news up to 6 p. m.) over a wire running into this office and used only for the day Associated Press business between the hours above named.

THE STATE JOURNAL is the only paper in Kansas receiving the Full Day Associated Press Report.

THE STATE JOURNAL has a regular average daily local circulation in Topeka of more than all other Capital City Dailies Combined, and Double that of its principal competitor—a very creditable morning newspaper.

Member of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. The STATE JOURNAL Press Room is equipped with a Lightning Web Perfecting Printing Press—the handiest and fastest piece of printing machinery in the state.

Weather Indications.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Forecast till 8 p. m. Tuesday: For Kansas—Partly cloudy; southerly winds.

THERE seem to be about as many defects in the tariff bill as in the Carnegie armor plates.

It is hardly surprising that with the advance of the season trouble should break out in the Mosquito country.

AFTER every other part of the country had ceased to think about Columbus, New York unveils a statue to him.

THE disposition of Coney to accept invitations to banquets shows that in spite of discouragements he has a heart for any fete.

SENATOR WOLCOTT has gone to Europe for his health, just at a time when his Colorado fences are in greatest need of repairs.

COKEY has already had so much trouble with grass that it is a wonder he would accept an invitation from the Clover club.

It is really a wonder that England would allow herself to honor Ada Rehan since she permitted a silver statue to be made of her.

MARSHAL NEELY probably thought that Sanders' army and a circus were a little more than Topeka could take care of at one time.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is bound that the pastime of being executive of the United States, shall not interfere with his duty to go fishing.

THE crank who wants to encounter Mrs. Lease and calls her Medusa, is evidently figuring on getting a job in a museum as an ossified man.

THE public is quite ready for the state board of charities to proceed with the investigation of the insane asylum, party policy to the contrary notwithstanding.

SOME kind of telepathy must exist between Senator Wolcott and his constituents. Sanders' army said he was afraid to come back to Colorado and he immediately started for Europe.

THE alleged discovery of a \$100,000 steal in the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen's funds would indicate that railroad employees and railroads didn't have so many differences after all.

It would be hard to tell which the Democrats hate more, Hill or Cleveland and as they are exactly opposed to one another it is just as hard to know what the Democratic party wants.

SARCASM sometimes misses its mark. A northern Kansas man recently sent a letter to the manufacturers of a fraudulent patent medicine and now his letter is being printed in the papers, with some slight alterations, as a testimonial.

A BILL has been favorably reported in the house providing for the assembling of the first session of each congress the first Tuesday after March 4, and the second session on the first Monday in January. What the country would rather see is a time fixed for adjournment.

CONGRESS is making some progress at last. Mr. McGann's resolution in the house indicates that it has finally become aware of the fact that there really is a depression of business, something their actions haven't indicated that congressmen were heretofore cognizant of.

THE New York Evening Post says that European "trade is farther advanced in its movement of recuperation than ours." It is hardly astonishing that business should revive over there when so much money has gone there from this country, and from the way gold is being shipped there now, they may very reasonably expect even better times.

ONE dispatch from Washington says that the senate is anxious to complete its work, and another that only four senators were present on Saturday when the senate met, and it was twenty-five minutes before enough members could be hunted up around the capitol to make a quorum. The feverish anxiety of the senate to make progress is like that of a jockey in a slow mule race.

"MARCELLA" AND MRS. LEASE.

(From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.)
Mrs. Humphrey Ward's Marcella is a young woman of the most advanced socialistic views who starts out to reform the world and ends by marrying and resolving that she has all the work she is competent to do without going away from home.

It has been objected that she married a lord, which most women cannot do in the nature of things, even if it were at all desirable that they should; and further that in satisfying herself and dropping all her radical fads, she left matters in the world just as unsettled as they were before.

Both objections may be sustained, but, on the other hand, it is quite true that she would have settled nothing if she had taken to the platform and become a Mrs. Lease for life. It is not the nature of things to be settled, even by ladies who believe that if they turn politicians the millennium must come at once. This must be true as long as good and evil remain relative—flowing decimals, the positive end of which can be forever approximated and never reached. "The world grows better day by day," no doubt, but the sum of the objectionable does not disappear or greatly decrease, because what was the good of one generation becomes the evil of another that is more highly cultivated.

In this view of the case, and while the world is waiting on the evolution against which all sorts of revolutions are impotent, it may be just as well for all female reformers to marry and raise families to distract their minds from reform.

But should they do so, and in attempting to imitate Marcella, find that the spirit of Mrs. Lease is still too strong in them to be resisted, let them take care to make reform support their husbands as Mrs. Lease is supporting hers in his comfortable and thoroughly domestic retirement.

NOW THAT it has been demonstrated that Shawnee county four per cent bonds can be sold at par, the county commissioners should lose no time in getting at the matter of a new bridge across the river on Kansas avenue. It should be put in shape to be voted upon at the fall election. The interest on an issue of \$200,000 in bonds would be but \$8,000 per annum and would be scarcely a perceptible addition to the burden of taxation in view of the rapidly increasing wealth of the county. The farmers of Shawnee county are prosperous beyond those of almost any other county in the state, with the possible exception of Wyandotte, owing to a succession of good crops and an excellent home market for their product, little influenced by eastern prices. These statements are illustrated by the fact that much of the land near the city rents readily for \$10 per acre. In some instances this price has been refused when offered in cash in advance. Property of such value would feel very slightly the light tax necessary to pay for a new bridge. Then there is the ever-present danger of a collapse of the old structure, with its consequent damage suits and probable loss of life, to say nothing of the necessity which would follow a hurried action to replace it.

NEW YORK Post: There seems to be an inclination in Massachusetts to make a trial of the referendum principle. The supreme court decided not long ago that no experiment could be made without an amendment to the constitution, and the lower branch of the legislature last week, by the one-sided vote of 156 to 2, declared in favor of submitting such a proposition to the people. No doubt is felt that the senate will concur. This action must be endorsed by another legislature before the question reaches the voters, but, as both parties practically committed themselves to it last year, it seems reasonable to suppose that the people will be called upon for a decision. When the matter reaches this stage, there will be a more thorough discussion of the principles involved than has yet been had. Other states are likely to wait for a trial of the system in Massachusetts before lending it much favor.

It must be acknowledged that the commonwealers who have just passed through Topeka are neither tramps nor vagabonds. They do not look like thieves and scoundrels. Most of them are more than ordinarily intelligent, and all of them bear the marks of hard and honest toil. There may be adventurers and worthless ruffians in some branches of the Coney army, but Sanders has succeeded very well in keeping them out of his. They are rough looking, but a life in a mining country is not calculated to improve either a man's looks or his speech.

FOLLOWING the announcement that the Colorado silver commonwealers are on their way to Washington, comes the not altogether surprising news that Senator Wolcott is to sail for Europe "on account of his health." Senator Wolcott's anti-industrial speech in the United States senate was not just the best thing he could have done for his health, anyway; and its effect is better understood when it is remembered that he represents, or is supposed to represent, a state that contains 25,000 organized industrialists.

As another instance of the policy of the Democratic party to reduce us to the pauper prices of Europe, it has been discovered that the Democrats of Chicago have been voting large gangs of repeaters at fifty cents a vote.

PERHAPS it would be well for Governor Leavelling to telegraph to Leavenworth to find out whether Sanders' army is really in the state, to ascertain how many there are of them and whether they have done anything or not.

WARREN M. CROSBY & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO WIGGIN, CROSBY & CO.)

Are showing This Week specially Fine lines of Wash Goods in Dimities—in Organdies—Pongee—Satin—Ginghams—Etc.

One case fine Swiss Dimities in extremely pretty designs. A particularly good bargain,

12½c yd.

Large and varied assortment of Shirt Waists, at 50c, 75c and \$1.00 each. Very pretty line of Children's Waist from

50c and up.

One case "Crown Cachemire"—a very pretty soft twilled fabric in stripes, dots, check and figures, nice for dresses, for waists, etc.,

12c yd.

Fine all wool Bengalines and fine Serges, 46-in. wide, worth \$1.00 and \$1.25 yd. Also very stylish Granite and Canvas Cloth, all at

75c per yd.

Extra quality Figured Pongee—Also a fine FIGURED SATINE in many desirable patterns. Both will be sold at

12½ per yd.

Bargains in Umbrellas at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 ea. An extra good one at \$2.25.

Parasols worth \$3.00 ea.,

For \$1.50 ea.

White and Tinted Fans—New White Cotton Trimming Braids—Shell and Aluminum Hair Pins—Shirt Waist Sets of Cuff Links, Studs and Collar Button—Silver Belt Buckles—Silk Gloves and Mitts—Fosters' Genuine Kid Gloves—Summer Corsets.

CLEVELAND'S GONE A FISHIN'.

There is something that I really can't exactly understand—
When Cleveland goes to fish,
How this country's going to get through all the business now on hand
While Cleveland goes to fish.

How all us politicians is going to get our "fat,"
Now he's gone off when we thought we had everything down pat—
An' there's Hill what needs a spankin'—and a lot o' things that—
But Cleveland's gone to fish.

It don't make any difference if the country goes to smash—
So Cleveland goes to fish;
Or whether we have anything that half resembles cash.
While Cleveland goes to fish.
It matters very little whether congress loaf or pays
Jus' so it gets it; sa'ry through these sultry summer days
An' Wall street keeps on running things in its peculiar ways,
An' Cleveland gets to fish.

There's a lot o' things needs fixin' 'round the dome at Washington;
But Cleveland's gone to fish.
As there's no one there to do 'em they're not likely to get done
While Cleveland's gone to fish.

There's that there Coney's army jus' a-drivin' us insane
A'blockin' legislation an' a'stopping every train,
An' pensions what needs votes—that's his duty in the main—
An' the income tax an' tariff,—O, shades o' Jimmie Blaine—
But if the president can't tend 'em, perhaps he'd best remain
Where Cleveland's gone to fish.

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CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE

It has prospered under the Administration of President Walker.
The new Chicago Stock Exchange building is one of the handsomest and most complete of the modern skyscrapers in that city. It is 13 stories in height and contains over 400 offices as complete in detail as latter day ideas of comfort and convenience can make them. It occupies an area of 101 by 180 feet at the southwest corner of Washington and La Salle streets, and the roof line is 161 feet above the sidewalk. The boardroom is exceptionally bright, handsome and complete and spacious enough for the purposes of the exchange. It is a two story room, taking up half of the second and third floors of the building, and is handsomely decorated. The ceiling is supported by four octagonal pillars of Sienna marble, with gilded capitals, and the prevailing colors of the decorations are green and gold.



WILLIAM B. WALKER.

ing is supported by four octagonal pillars of Sienna marble, with gilded capitals, and the prevailing colors of the decorations are green and gold.

Though built especially for the Stock Exchange and dedicated to its uses, the new building is not owned by that body, but by one of its members, F. W. Peck, or rather by the estate of his father, which he represents. By a very acute arrangement with the owners the Stock Exchange secures the use of its handsome new quarters for 15 years at the nominal rental of \$1 per annum. The owners, of course, look for adequate reimbursement from the class of tenants who will naturally be attracted to the offices by the presence of the exchange in the building.

The first president of the exchange was Charles Henrotin, who is still an honored member, and the chairman of the board then, as now, was Joseph L. Wilkins, who resigned a similar position on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange to take charge of the floor at Chicago. William B. Walker, who is now president, was with the exchange from the start and was one of its first governors. He is a New Yorker by birth, but has lived in Chicago practically all his life and made his fortune there. He is a very popular man in Chicago social circles as well as among his business associates and is inalienably devoted to the best interests of the big enterprise over which he presides.

Cheaper Than Ever.

Fine gilded wall paper; the prices will astonish you. Come in and see them at Beckstrom's, 518 Jackson.

AN ABLE NAVIGATOR.

Joseph S. Skerrett, the New Rear Admiral, is known as "Fighting Joe."

Commodore Joseph S. Skerrett, who recently attained the rank of rear admiral on the retirement of Admiral Irwin, is considered the best navigator in the United States navy and is known among his sea-bred by the endearing nickname of "Sailor Joe." He might have been a soldier, however, and had two narrow escapes from a military career. One of these was at the very beginning of his life work, when he was offered the choice of an appointment to either West Point or Annapolis. The other was during the early years of the war, after he had reached the rank of lieutenant in the navy.

When in 1862 he came home from service on the coast of Africa, where he had been sent with the sloop Saratoga to suppress the slave trade, he found there was no disposition to assign him to any duty of importance, and he grew very impatient.



REAR ADMIRAL SKERRETT.

Secretary Welles had been prejudiced against him because his wife was known to have a large circle of southern friends and was even said to sympathize with the Confederate cause herself. Lieutenant Skerrett went to the secretary and said that if he was not assigned to some duty he would resign from the navy, go back to Ohio and enter an artillery regiment and get some fighting anyhow.

Welles admired the lieutenant's spirit and assigned him to important ordnance duty at the Washington navy yard, telling him if he said anything more about resigning he would be placed under arrest. He was afterward assigned to duty on various blockading squadrons, but it was not till 1864 that he succeeded in getting into an engagement. In June of that year he successfully attacked the fortifications at the mouth of the Brazos river. After the war he was placed in command of the apprentice ship Portsmouth and in conjunction with Commander Upshur framed the regulations of the apprentice system, then first introduced into the navy. After that he was stationed for four years at the naval academy at Annapolis.

In June, 1872, having been promoted captain, he was again placed in command of the Portsmouth, in which the following winter he began his famous surveying trip down the Atlantic coast, around the Horn and up the Pacific.

Admiral Skerrett was born in Chillicothe, O., in 1833. He is now in service on the China station, where he is likely to remain in command until his retirement in January next.

CORBETT DIDN'T PAY

As an Attraction at a British Theater. He was a Money Loser.

NEW YORK, May 14.—If the word of an American theatrical manager now in London may be accepted, Champion Corbett's engagement at the Old Drury Lane theater was by no means a financial success, notwithstanding the many favorable criticisms printed about "Gentleman Jack," and its star.

A letter received in this city says that Corbett's friends may mourn with him over an estimated loss of more than \$5,000. This writer who is considered a great admirer of the champion, says that after a big first night the house steadily fell off to such an extent that the gross receipts for the first week did not reach \$2,000.

The New Tunnel is Done.

FAIRVIEW, N. J., May 14.—The new tunnel through the palisades built by the Susquehanna & Western railroad costing \$8,000,000, is completed and will be formally opened for coal traffic tomorrow. The tunnel is nearly two miles long. Work was begun on it about 13 months ago. Twelve Italians were killed about six months ago by the falling of a part of a trestle.

THE CHILDREN.

Bright Sayings of Young America Gathered From Many Sources.

Little Edith was heard coming from the next room, when suddenly there was a noise of something let fall, probably her doll, her mother thought. Says mamma, "Did you drop something, Edith?" Edith—Only a footprint.—Boston Transcript.

Little Frank had long importuned his father to buy him a pony. At last papa said, "If I were to get you a pony, Frank, you wouldn't know what to feed him." "Oh, yes, I would, papa," replied the boy. "I'd feed him horse radish."—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

Many people who talk with simplicity and correctness become at once unnatural and awkward when they take up the pen. So it was with Johnny Bates. In the reading lesson there was a reference to some one who had "contracted a cold," and the teacher called attention to the word "contracted." To "contract a cold," he explained, "meant nothing more than to catch a cold." That afternoon Johnny had to write a composition and like a sensible boy chose for his subject an account of a fishing excursion. On the whole it was a pretty creditable performance for a boy of Johnny's age, but the teacher was obliged to laugh when he came to this sentence, "I fished half an hour and contracted five perches and one hornpout."—Youth's Companion.

Harry—When I get to be a man, I'm going to let my whiskers grow. Mamma—Why so, my boy? Harry—Then I won't have only a little bit of my face to wash.—Boston Courier.

Little Boy—Mamma, I want a lot of soap and some warm water. Mamma—I'd rather you wouldn't blow bubbles today. "I want to wash my hands." "Oh! Why, of course, my pet. You want your hands to be nice and clean, don't you, dear?" "Yes, m. We is going to play theatricals, and I'm to dress up as a girl."—Good News.

Mamma (to Johnny who has fallen on the sidewalk)—There, Johnny, don't cry; be a little man. Johnny—And say the things that pa does when anything hurts him?—Boston Transcript.

After the dinner at the cafe Robby noticed with bulging eyes the heaping pile of change which the waiter brought back to his father. "Oh, papa!" he exclaimed. "Oh, papa, I'd like a plate of that too!"—Tit-Bits.

Expedient.

The sailor's bride, with haggard, anxious face, gazed across the stormy sea.

At her feet the breakers moaned upon the rocky reef.

"Bring him back, bring him back to me!" she wailed.

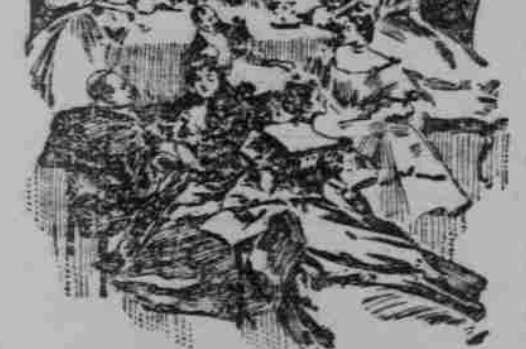
The storm buffeted her, and the spray dashed over her.

"How can I bring him back?" And the summer girl, who had chanced to wander near in her reefing jacket and high rubber boots, suggested,

"Make him jealous of you."

The wind rose and shrieked.—Detroit Tribune.

At Five o'Clock Tea.



"That's an uncommonly pretty girl over there pouring tea."
"Yes, she is one of the reigning belles this season."
"Ah, these belles never reign but they pour."—Life.

Surprising.

Yankee exaggeration is a trick that works both ways. It is most amusing perhaps when it takes the form of understatement.

An old lady was alone in a very old house when the walls suddenly collapsed, and the house came tumbling down around her. Her escape was little short of a miracle, but she was taken from the ruins entirely uninjured. When asked what her sensations were when the house fell, she said, "Well, to tell the truth, I was considerably skinned—I really was."—Youth's Companion.

In the Royal Gorge.

SALIDA, Col., May 14.—The hotel men from the east visited Marshall Pass and the Royal Gorge today, after which they began their homeward journey via Pueblo.

Strawberries.

Strawberry festival at Orphans' Home, Wednesday evening, May 16.

Shirts mended by the Peerless.

BEFORE YOU BUY

SEE US.

After that if you can afford to pay the prices others ask, we'll have no complaint to make.

CAPITAL GROCERY,

109 East Sixth St.

1 lb. fine Tea.....	10
1 lb. can good Baking Powder.....	10
6 lbs. extra good Rice.....	25
1 box Kennedy's Crackers.....	15
1 doz. pickles.....	5
1 gal. pickles.....	20
3 good Parlor Brooms.....	25
25 Scrub Brush.....	5
10c bottle Blueing.....	5
25c sacks Salt.....	5
3 3-lb. cans Tomatoes.....	25
3 cans Imported Sardines.....	25
3 cans Red Salmon.....	25
Good Washboard.....	10
1 gal. Honey Drip Syrup.....	35
1 gal. N. O. Molasses.....	40
20 lb. pall Jelly.....	45
8 lbs. Laundry Starch.....	25
Large Wash Tubs, 50c.....	40
Clothes Baskets, 75c, 65c.....	55
Load Kindling.....	75
2 cans Plums.....	25
2 cans Peaches.....	25
2 cans Pears.....	25
2 cans Egg Plums.....	35
2 cans Imported Mushrooms.....	35
2 cans Fresh Peas.....	35
2 cans Corned Beef.....	25
3 cans Eagle's Milk.....	50
1 \$1 pall Apple Butter.....	90
Large Fat Mackerel, per kit.....	90
Large Fat White Fish, per kit.....	75
2 bricks Cod Fish.....	25
Colorado Potatoes.....	90
50-lb. Sack Shawnee Fancy.....	65
100 lbs. Shawnee Fancy Flour.....	\$1 25
You can have 1 sack or 1,000 sacks at this price.	
Best Well Buckets.....	30
3 good Parlor Brooms.....	25
Improved Coffee Mill.....	40
Silver knife and fork with package coffee free.	
We can sell you flour less than other stores can buy it.	
Notice our prices on Shawnee Fancy flour. Send in your order.	
1000 sacks granulated sugar. We are selling it at some low prices. You had better get good supplied.	
Rainbow chasing is like looking for some other place to buy groceries. If you are able to pay cash for your goods you will trade with us, but if you are unfortunate enough to be obliged to "run a book" at some other store we pity you.	

THE CAPITAL GROCERY
109 E. 6th St., Phone 308.
Wholesale and Retail.

We ship goods every place. Send for price sheet.

Official statement of the financial condition of the
Bank of Topeka,
At Topeka, State of Kansas, at the close of business on the 4th day of May, 1894.

Assets and liabilities on personal and
collateral security..... \$708,357 12
Loans on real estate..... 45,000 00
Overdrafts..... 4,491 25
Real estate..... 121,526 20
Furniture and fixtures, charged off..... 9,839 41
Unearned account..... 1,400 00
United States bonds on hand..... 85,000 00
Other stocks and bonds not their present cash market value..... 87,318 54
Demand loans..... 160,000 00
Checks and other cash items..... 4,916 88
Clearing house items..... 20,163 90
Currency..... 37,000 00
Gold coin..... 85,000 00
Silver coin..... 4,500 00
Fractional currency..... 262 45
Due from other banks, sight exchange..... 125,139 48
Total..... \$1,400,007 98

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in.....	\$850,000 00
Surplus fund on hand.....	150,000 00
Undivided profits.....	2,500 00
Interest.....	13,140 20
Exchange.....	1,475 34
Dividend declared but not paid.....	
Individual deposits.....	761,939 08
Banks' and bankers' deposits.....	74,816 31
Demand certificates.....	66,430 35
Time certificates, none	
Bills rediscounted, none	
Due payable.....	
Total.....	\$1,400,007 98

STATE OF KANSAS.

COUNTY OF SHAWNEE.

I, J. W. Thurston, cashier of said bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. So help me God.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of May, A. D. 1894.

S. P. HUGHES,
Notary Public.

Correct: Attest: HENRY TAYLOR,
JOHN R. MULVANEY,
Directors.

To JOHN W. BRIDGEMAN,
Bank Commissioner,
Topeka, Kansas.